

1. Show that every manifold has a nonzero complete vector field.
2. Let  $f : M \rightarrow N$  be a smooth map of smooth manifolds, let  $\sigma : [a, b] \rightarrow M$  be a curve in  $M$ , and let  $\omega$  be a one-form on  $N$ . Show that

$$\int_{\sigma} f^* \omega = \int_{f \circ \sigma} \omega.$$

3. Suppose  $\sigma$  is a locally conservative 1-form on  $S^2$ . Show there is  $f \in C^\infty(S^2)$  with  $\sigma = df$ .
4. Let  $M$  be a manifold, and  $x, y \in M$ . Show that for any  $D > 0$ , there is a Riemannian metric  $g$  on  $M$  with  $d_g(x, y) = D$ .
5. Define a helix  $H \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  parametrically by  $(r \cos(\theta), r \sin(\theta), \theta)$  for  $r \in [0, \infty]$  and  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$ . Calculate the induced metric on  $H$ .
6. Given a Riemannian metric  $g$  on the circle  $S^1$ , define the  $L(g)$  to be the length (using  $g$ ) of the curve that goes once around the circle. Show that any two metrics  $g, h$  on  $S^1$  with  $L(g) = L(h)$  are isometric.

Hint: map to the canonical circle  $C$  of length  $L$ , where  $C = [0, L]/(L \sim 0)$  with metric  $dt^2$ .

7. Given a one form  $\omega \in \mathcal{T}^1(M)$  and a vector field  $X$ , define  $\mathcal{L}_X \omega$  by

$$(\mathcal{L}_X \omega)(Y) = \omega([X, Y]) - X \cdot \omega(Y).$$

Show that  $\mathcal{L}_X \omega$  is a tensor.

8. Define an  $r$ -covariant tensor  $\sigma$  on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  by summing  $2^r$  terms:

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma = & dx \otimes dx \otimes \cdots \otimes dx \otimes dx \\ & + dx \otimes dx \otimes \cdots \otimes dx \otimes dy \\ & + dx \otimes dx \otimes \cdots \otimes dy \otimes dx \\ & \dots \\ & + dy \otimes dy \otimes \cdots \otimes dy \otimes dy \end{aligned}$$

where the sum is over all possible choices of  $dx$  and  $dy$  in each  $r$ -fold product term.  
Find  $\iota^*(\sigma)$ , where  $\iota$  is the inclusion map  $S^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ .