

(Inter)Active Scripts

Creative Coding & Generative Art in Processing 2
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Static Program Structure

```
// Create and set canvas
size(width, height);
smooth();
background(color);

// Draw something
...
// Draw something else
...
// etc.
```

(Inter)Active Program Structure

From this point forward, most Processing programs we write will have the following structure:

```
<Declare variables>

void setup() {

    <initial canvas set up goes here>
}

// setup()

void draw() {

    <drawing stuff goes here>
}

// draw()
```

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Program Structure: Active Mode

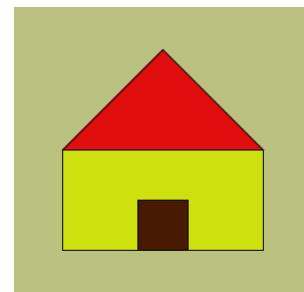
Most Processing programs we will write will have the following structure:

```
// Draw a simple house
void setup() {
    // Create and set canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(187, 193, 127);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    // wall
    fill(206, 224, 14);
    rect(50, 150, 200, 100);

    // Draw Door
    fill(72, 26, 2);
    rect(125, 200, 50, 50);

    // Draw roof
    fill(224, 14, 14);
    triangle(50, 150, 150, 50, 250, 150);
} // draw()
```



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Processing: Dynamic Sketches

```
// Draw a simple house
void setup() {
    // Create and set canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(187, 193, 127);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    // wall
    fill(206, 224, 14);
    rect(50, 150, 200, 100);

    // Draw Door
    fill(72, 26, 2);
    rect(125, 200, 50, 50);

    // Draw roof
    fill(224, 14, 14);
    triangle(50, 150, 150, 50, 250, 150);
} // draw()
```

Code Block:
 {
 ...
 ...
 }

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Processing: Dynamic Sketches

```
// Draw a simple house
void setup() {
    // Create and set canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(187, 193, 127);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    // wall
    fill(206, 224, 14);
    rect(50, 150, 200, 100);

    // Draw Door
    fill(72, 26, 2);
    rect(125, 200, 50, 50);

    // Draw roof
    fill(224, 14, 14);
    triangle(50, 150, 150, 50, 250, 150);
} // draw()
```

setup() block:
 Commands here are executed once each time a sketch is played.

draw() block:
 Commands here are repeated ~60 times/sec.

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Processing: Dynamic Sketches

```
// Draw a simple house
void setup()
    // Create and set canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(187, 193, 187);
} // setup()

void draw()
    wall
    fill(206, 224, 14);
    rect(50, 150, 200, 100);

    // Draw Door
    fill(72, 26, 2);
    rect(125, 200, 50, 50);

    // Draw roof
    fill(224, 14, 14);
    triangle(50, 150, 150, 50, 250, 150);
} // draw()
```

But...

What are these???

For now...

Necessary syntax

More later...

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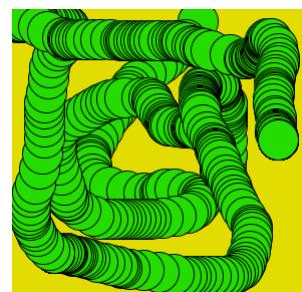
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Something More Interesting...

```
color color1 = color(227, 220, 0);
color color2 = color(37, 220, 0);
color color3 = color(0);

void setup() {
    // create and set canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(color1);
    stroke(color3);
    fill(color2);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    ellipse(mouseX, mouseY, 40, 40);
} // draw()
```



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Predefined variables: pmouseX, pmouseY

```
color color1 = color(227, 220, 0);
color color2 = color(37, 220, 0);
color color3 = color(0);

void setup() {
    // create and set canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(color1);
    stroke(color2);
    strokeWeight(5);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    line(pmouseX, pmouseY, mouseX, mouseY);
} // draw()
```



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Events: More Interactivity

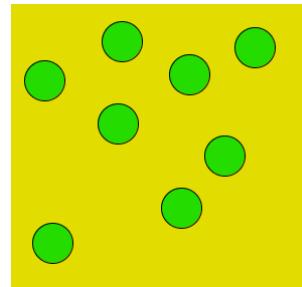
```
color color1 = color(227, 220, 0);
color color2 = color(37, 220, 0);
color color3 = color(0);

void setup() {
    // create and set canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(color1);
    stroke(color3);
    fill(color2);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    // nothing here, but is required
} // draw()

void mousePressed() {
    ellipse(mouseX, mouseY, 40, 40);
} // mousePressed()
```

Circles are drawn
ONLY when mouse is pressed.



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Something More Interesting...

```

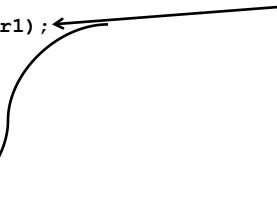
color color1 = color(227, 220, 0);
color color2 = color(37, 220, 0);
color color3 = color(0);

void setup() {
    // create and set canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(color1);
    stroke(color3);
    fill(color2);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    ellipse(mouseX, mouseY, 40, 40);
} // draw()

```

What happens when...
You move the
background(...) command to draw()?



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Controlling Frame Rate

frameRate(N);
Changes frame rate to N times/
second

```

<Declare variables>
void setup() {
    ...
    frameRate(30);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    <drawing stuff goes here>
} // draw()

```

noLoop();
Controls the use of frame rate.

```

<Declare variables>
void setup() {
    ...
    noLoop();
} // setup()

void draw() {
    <drawing stuff goes here>
} // draw()

```

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Processing: Defining Functions

$$y = \text{twice}(x) = 2x$$

```
float twice(float x) {
    return 2*x;
} // twice()
```

The diagram shows the Java code for a function named 'twice' that takes a float parameter 'x' and returns its double value. Annotations with arrows point to specific parts of the code: 'Return value' points to the 'return' keyword, 'Function name' points to the identifier 'twice', 'Function parameter' points to the variable 'x', and 'Function definition' points to the closing brace '}'.

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Processing: Defining Functions

Syntax:

```
returnType functionName(parameters) {  
    ...  
    return expression;  
}
```

Example:

```
float twice(float x) {  
    return 2*x;  
} // twice()
```

Use:

```
y = twice(5);
```

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Defining Functions: void

Use **void** as *returnType* when no value is returned.

Syntax:

```
returnType functionName(parameters) {
    ...
    return expression;
}
```

Example:

```
void square(float x, float y, float side) {
    rectMode(CORNER);
    rect(x, y, side, side);
} // square()
```

Use:

```
square(50, 50, 100); // draws a 100x100 square at 50, 50
```

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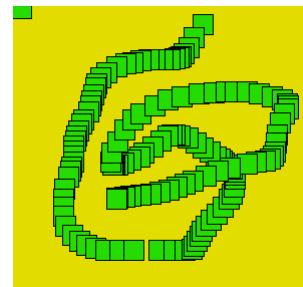
Program Structure: Functions

```
color color1 = color(227, 220, 0);
color color2 = color(37, 220, 0);

void setup() {
    // create and set up canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(color1);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    fill(color2);
    square(mouseX, mouseY, 20);
} // draw()

void square(float x, float y, float side) {
    rectMode(CORNER);
    rect(x, y, side, side);
} // square()
```



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Variables & Scope

```

color color1 = color(227, 220, 0);
color color2 = color(37, 220, 0);

void setup() {
    // create and set up canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(color1);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    fill(color2);
    square(mouseX, mouseY, 20);
} // draw()

void square(float x, float y, float side) {
    rectMode(CORNER);
    rect(x, y, side, side);
} // square()

```

Global Variables

Either pre-defined
Or defined at top

Are visible everywhere
In the program

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Variables & Scope

```

color color1 = color(227, 220, 0);
color color2 = color(37, 220, 0);

void setup() {
    // create and set up canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(color1);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    fill(color2);
    square(mouseX, mouseY, 20);
} // draw()

void square(float x, float y, float side) {
    rectMode(CORNER);
    rect(x, y, side, side);
} // square()

```

Local Variables

Either
parameters
Or defined
inside blocks

Are visible ONLY
in the block
After they are
defined

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Processing: Pre-defined Math Functions

- **Calculation**

`abs()`, `ceil()`, `constrain()`, `dist()`, `exp()`, `floor()`, `lerp()`,
`log()`, `mag()`, `map()`, `max()`, `min()`, `norm()`, `pow()`,
`round()`, `sq()`, `sqrt()`

- **Trigonometry**

`acos()`, `asin()`, `atan()`, `atan2()`, `cos()`, `degrees()`,
`radians()`, `sin()`, `tan()`

- **Random**

`noise()`, `noiseDetail()`, `noiseSeed()`, `random()`,
`randomGaussian()`, `randomSeed()`

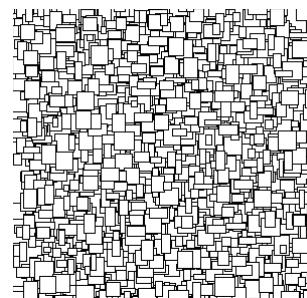
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Example: Using random()

```
void setup() { // Create and set canvas
    size(300, 300);
    smooth();
    background(255);
} // setup()

void draw() {
    stroke(0);
    rect(random(width),
         random(height),
         random(5, 20),
         random(5, 20));
} // draw();
```



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