

Software Testing

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CSCI 1300/5001: Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming

Black box testing

Tests the functionality of a program for correctness, efficiency, ...

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White box testing

Tests the internal components of a program.

Tests that a program responds correctly when used.

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- Cases can be hand generated or
- Randomly generated (thousands even millions of tests)
- Should include edge cases (these are cases where a minor change in the input has the program execute a different flow of execution)

Tests an internal component (class, function, ...) of a program

Validates behavior, error handling, ... of that component

Tests whether the components of a program function properly when combined.

Property-based Testing

Tests the output of a program, component, ... for necessary properties. For example, if a function is supposed to sort a list of numbers it checks that they are actually sorted after the function executes.

Can be used in behavior, unit or integration testing.

Ensure that tests of previous version of a program still pass and prior bugs are not reintroduced.

Tests should include:

- All previous test
- Test cases and/or property tests that catch **ALL** bugs found in previous version

Test Driven Development

Repeated development cycle adding a feature at a time

- Express requirements for the features as tests that must be passed
- Write code that passes the new tests
- Test code against all previous tests